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10/23/62

DEPARTMENT OF STATE A/CDC/MR	
REVIEWED BY <u>J. L. SMITH</u> DATE <u>FEB 2 9 84</u>	
RDS <input type="checkbox"/> or XDS <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> EXT. DATE _____	
TS AUTH. _____ REASON(S) _____	
ENDORSE EXISTING MARKINGS <input type="checkbox"/>	
DECLASSIFIED <input type="checkbox"/> RELEASEABLE <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
RELEASE DENIED <input type="checkbox"/>	
PA or FOI EXEMPTIONS _____	

ACTA  
DE LA SESION EXTRAORDINARIA

CELEBRADA EL 23 DE OCTUBRE DE 1962

Aprobada en la Sesión del 7 de Noviembre de 1962

UNION PANAMERICANA  
Secretaría General  
Organización de los Estados Americanos  
Washington, D. C.

*-1403-1753*  
*202-102-1962*

DECLASSIFIED

- 2 -

SOLICITUD DEL GOBIERNO DE LOS ESTADOS UNIDOS  
PARA QUE SE CONVOQUE EL ORGANO DE CONSULTA

El señor PRESIDENTE: Se declara abierta la sesión extraordinaria del Consejo de la Organización de los Estados Americanos, convocada para la consideración de la nota de la Delegación de los Estados Unidos, mediante la cual se pide la convocatoria del Organo de Consulta de acuerdo con el Tratado Interamericano de Asistencia Recíproca OEA/Ser.G/VI/C-11F-125. Me permito pedirle al señor Secretario que se sirva dar lectura a esa comunicación.

El señor SECRETARIO: [Lee la nota:]

October 22, 1962

Excellency:

The Government of the United States of America has received conclusive evidence of the fact that the Government of Cuba has permitted its territory to be used for the establishment of offensive weapons with nuclear capability provided by extracontinental powers. It is abundantly clear that this new and serious development in Cuba constitutes a situation which endangers the peace of America and affects the sovereignty and political independence of the American States.

My Government therefore requests that the Organ of Consultation be convoked immediately, pursuant to Article 6 of the Inter-American Treaty of Reciprocal Assistance, in order to consider the action which should be taken in the light of this new situation for the common defense and for the maintenance of the peace and security of the Continent.

In view of the extreme urgency of the situation, I have the honor to request, pursuant to instructions from my Government, that Your Excellency convoke an extraordinary meeting of the Council of the Organization of American States at the earliest possible moment to act on this request and to constitute itself provisionally as Organ of Consultation in accordance with Article 12 of the Treaty to adopt immediately appropriate measures for the ~~.....~~

10/23/82

REVIEWED BY J. L. SMITH DATE FEB 29 1984

RDS  or XDS  EXT. DATE \_\_\_\_\_  
TS AUTH. \_\_\_\_\_ REASON(S) \_\_\_\_\_  
ENDORSE EXISTING MARKINGS   
DECLASSIFIED  RELEASEABLE   
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21402 A53  
Oct. 23, 1962

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RECORRIDO DE

Accept, Excellency, the assurances of my highest and most distinguished consideration.

(s) Ward P. Allen  
Alternate Representative of the United States  
on the Council of the Organization of American States

His Excellency  
Ambassador Francisco Roberto Lira,  
Acting Chairman of the Council of the  
Organization of American States

El señor PRESIDENTE: Me complazco en presentar un atento saludo al señor Secretario de Estado de los Estados Unidos. Al propio tiempo, le concedo la palabra.

El señor SECRETARIO DE ESTADO DE LOS ESTADOS UNIDOS: Thank you Mr.. Chairman and Excellencies, it is a great honor for me, at this serious moment, to meet with the Council of the Organization of American States. Three weeks ago today, I met with your Foreign Ministers to consider the serious, new situation created by the Soviet military build-up in Cuba, most of you gentlemen participated in that meeting. You will recall the discussion which took place culminating in a consensus on many important aspects of the problem expressed in the final communique. In that document, the Foreign Ministers unanimously stated that the efforts of the Sino-Soviet bloc to convert the island of Cuba into an armed base for a communist penetration of the Americas was the most urgent problem confronting the Hemisphere. They also found that the organs of our regional system which have responsibility to deal with the situation created by the communist regime in Cuba, should intensify their efforts and should stand in readiness to consider what measures, beyond those already authorized might be required. And the Foreign Ministers

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